## Yojana September 2010 Vol. 54

#### **BANKING**

#### Urban Cooperative Banks: A Case Study of Karnataka



The future of UCBs is challenging. and depends on in control and operation,

HEURBAN Cooperative consolidation was encouraged. Banks catering to the This, together with the chain needs of people of effect of a major UCB scam areas are a powerful means offnancial empowerment 2009, there were 1,721 Urban and financial inclusion. Urban Cooperative Banks with 1,58,733 Cooperative Banks with 1,58,

cooperative Banking is based on the twin model of Banking & 5 were Scheduled commercial Cooperation. In spite of immense heterogeneity in assets, operation area, nature of operation, UCBs have immense potential to uscle externalities that inhibit smooth credit flow at a local level. governance,
customer-centric
policies, technology
upgradation and
efficiency
UEBs and their deposits and
efficiency
UEBs and seven the more (Rs. 1,
advances were to the use of Rs. 1,
advances

of Understanding for ULBs.

Previous findings in available

A particular Grade-I UCB, improved deployment of surplus

Mahila Co-op Bank in Karnataka, funds. There is an increase in

Financial Inclusion. In this light, it is imperative to assess and remody their situation, as in an era or intense competition UCBs must intense competition UCBs must increase competition UCBs must increase competition UCBs must increase and experiment of the financial continuous and seek and the study of the competition of the UCBs. In Sugalor City were selected for the purpose of study of the UCBs in June of a constitution of Revival Fund of the UCBs. In Sugalor City were supporting the poor or semi-poor under the protection and for Urban Cooperative' of the Rell was formed in 2008. It recommends the formation of an umbrella organization to provide the services of find management, investment banking, management consultancy. ATM activorks, espacity building services etc. And Emergency found Facility Scheme and a Revival Fund has also been to first-hand qualitative and quantitative data from the UCBs, secondary data from RB IO filst surveillance System, Bank's Balance Sheets & Balance Sheets & Balance Sheets & Balance Sheets & Company of the selected UCBs in June 2009 yielded meaningli mingibs.

A questionnaire was designed based on the Central Bank guidelines and the Memorandum of Understanding for UCBs. Previous findings in available literature and the aspects of capital billier and the spects of capital billier to specification of surplus forces to the provised demaning in available literature and the aspects of capital singles. Mahila Co-op Bank in Karnataka, funde-2 Bank, and the condense of surplus forces are surplus for the bank and the provised of findings in available literature and the aspects of capital

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# Written by Administrator

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deployment of funds towards advances that earn more interest & investment portfolio has come down. Operating profits have shown an increase. The bank attributes its irread and was under huge losses as a result. However it had well-guild the state of the profits he are a serious profits he use of surplus funds. Importance is given to NPA Recovery with setting up of recovery teams & recovery camps every week. Unproductive expenditures have been avoided to the declared dividends. A Grade-3 hank had accumulated losses to the time of 17.43 Crores with a net NPA of 16%. The bank attributed this to poor recovery efforts, Verification & possession of the bank samong the post-sencious supervision had not been up to the mark. The Shath was as a result nexcesseful in attracting new depositors. In the future the bank expects to meet the bank expe

MYSORE				BIJAPUR			
Year	Interest Incomes	Total Assets	Profits	Year	Interest Incomes	Total Assets	Profits
2004	2806.52	27211	570.28	2004	6,332.74	51511.8	303.8
2005	2931.28	28068.8	635.849	2005	2,389,90	50613.6	209.67
2006	3036.01	30175.2	831.07	2006	5018.19	54562.1	288.41
2007	2977.31	33771.8	888.58	2007	5694.78	50377,4	317.74
2008	3772.82	39637.1	1026.58	2008	5882.02	54422.9	968.08
%GROWTH	34.43	45.67	80.01	%GROWTH	-7.12	5.65	218.66

Nei NFAs were high & stood at 44.1% & 25.1 respectively. The Bank had been superseded by RCS Karnataka. With a net worth of Rs 20.187 labakin seems on March 2009. However the bank had adequate assets to meet its liabilities so on March 2009. However the bank had adequate assets to meet its liabilities so on March 2009. However the bank did not have adequate CRAR. The operating Profits rose by 95.2% from 2002. 2008 and Expenditure also assiblly, Sound Punt Deployment Strategy is the first and most strive to ensure financial decreased by 94.3%. Thus, this hank has been performing well in spite of inadequate capital adequacy. Its Operating profits have risen by means of rising spread & falling expense. It has moved from Grade – 4 to Operational Costs must be 2002-2008 and Expenditure also decreased by 94.3%. Thus, this bank has been performing well in spite of inadequate capital adequacy. Its Operating profits have risen by means of rising spread & falling expenses. It has thus moved from Grade – 4 to Grade-3.

and spite of inadequate capital adderating innovative schemes such as recovery camps are a formation of the profession o

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